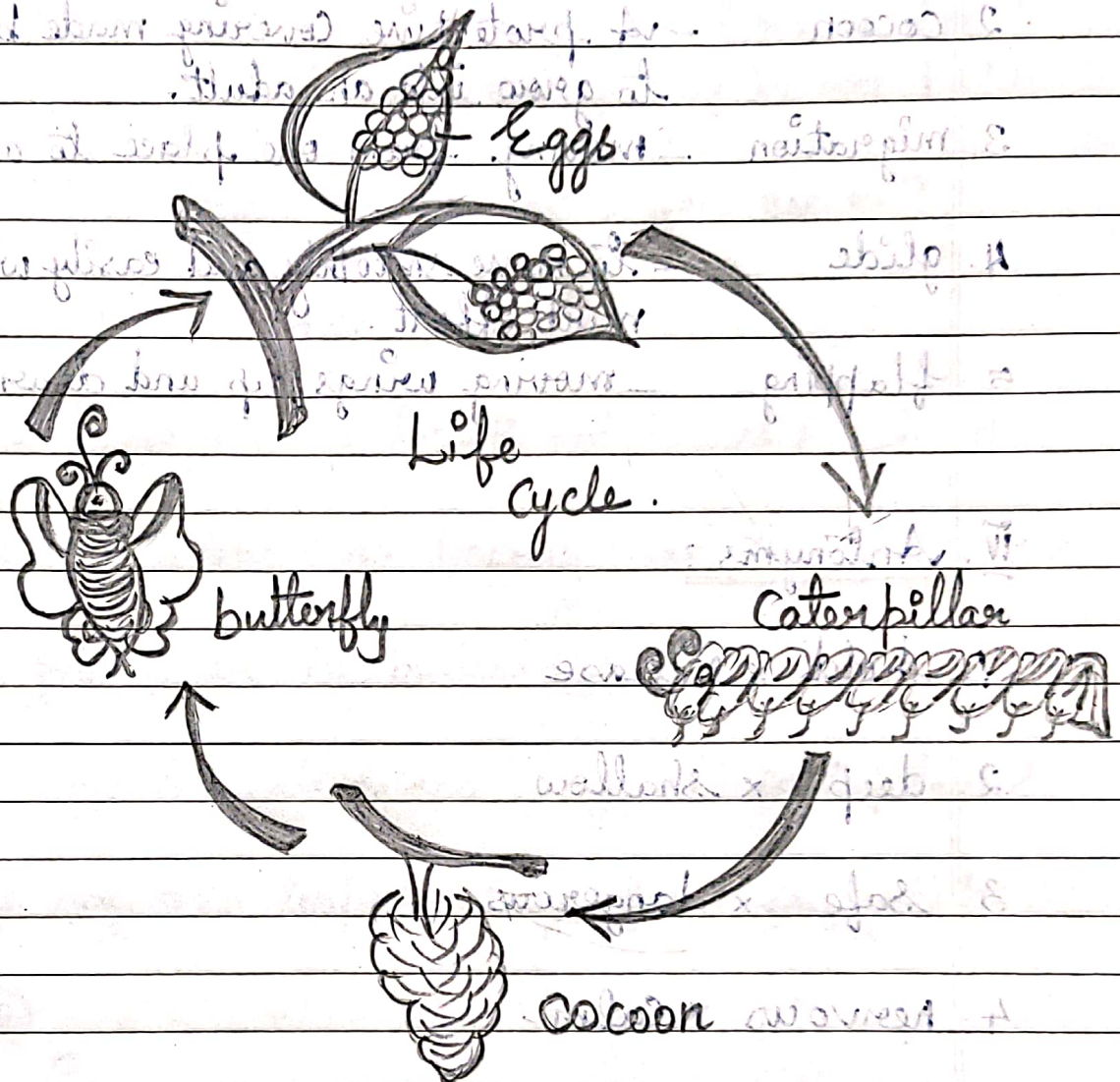


A Butterfly Smile

I Illustration North: April

STD: IVth.



II Key words:

1. Chattering

4. weather

7. flapping

10. puddles

2. Caterpillar

5. journey

8. glide

11. squeezing

3. Cocoon

6. migration

9. mud-pudding

12. minerals

III. Synonyms:

1. chattering - often making a lot of noise
2. cocoon - a protective covering made by insects to grow into an adult.
3. migration - moving from one place to another.
4. glide - to move smoothly and easily without much effort.
5. flapping - moving wings up and down to fly.

IV. Antonyms:

1. hold x release
2. deep x shallow
3. safe x dangerous
4. nervous x calm
5. soak x dry

V. Homophones:

1. whole - hole 3. year - ear 5. hard - heard
2. know - no 4. week - weak

VII Answer the questions with reference to context: ERC.

①

Kavya takes a deep breath and raises her hand.
 "When caterpillars grow up, they become butterflies.
 They spend their whole time eating leaves, and they
 stay caterpillars only for a few weeks."

Q1. What does Kavya do?

Ans: Kavya takes a deep breath and raises her hand.

Q2. What do caterpillars become when they grow up?

Ans: Caterpillars become butterflies.

Q3. How long do caterpillars stay as caterpillars?

Ans: They stay as caterpillars only for a few weeks.

②

Every year, butterflies travel thousands of
 kilometres to come to his park for food,
 better weather and a safe place to lay eggs.

Q1. How far do butterflies travel every year?

Ans: Butterflies travel thousands of kilometres every year.

Q 2. Why do butterflies come to the park?

Ans: They come for food, better weather and a safe place to lay eggs.

Q 3. What is this journey called?

Ans: This journey is called migration.

(2)

When butterflies migrate, they follow rivers to stay healthy, they stop along the river bank to soak up minerals with their feet.

Q 1. When butterflies migrate, what do they follow?

Ans: Butterflies follow rivers.

Q 2. Why do butterflies stop along the river bank?

Ans: They stop to soak up minerals with their feet to stay healthy.

Q 3. What is the process of soaking up minerals called?

Ans: It is called mud-pudding.

VII Answer the following questions:

Q.1. How do caterpillars become butterflies?

Ans: Caterpillars eat leaves and then weave cocoons on plants. Inside the cocoon, they grow and change into butterflies.

Q.2. Describe the butterflies in the park.

Ans: The park is full of butterflies that have flown thousands of kilometres. They glide in the wind and to soak up minerals.

Q.3. Why did the butterflies come to the park?

Ans: They come to the park for food, better weather and a safe place to lay eggs.

Q.4. What is mudpudding? Why are puddles hard to find now?

Ans: Mud-pudding is when butterflies drink muddy water to soak up minerals with their feet. Puddles are hard to find now due to fewer natural water sources.

Q.5. What did Kavya love about butterflies?

Ans: Kavya loved that butterflies travel far and still make new friends wherever they land.

22/11/22